

Morse Fall Scale

MORSE FALL SCALE

The Morse Fall Scale (MFS) is a rapid and simple method of assessing a patient's likelihood of falling. A large majority of nurses (82.9%) rate the scale as quick and easy to use, and 54% estimated that it took less than 3 minutes to rate a patient. It consists of six variables that are quick and easy to score, and it has been shown to have predictive validity and interrater reliability. The MFS is used widely in acute care settings, both in the hospital and long term care inpatient settings.

1. History of falling; immediate or within 3 months

No - 0 Yes - 25

2. Secondary diagnosis

No - 0 Yes - 15

3. Ambulatory aid

Bed rest/nurse assist - 0 Crutches/cane/walker - 15 Furniture - 30

4. IV/Heparin Lock

No - 0 Yes - 20

5. Gait/Transferring

Normal/bedrest/immobile - 0 Weak - 10 Impaired - 20

6. Mental status

Oriented to own ability - 0 Forgets limitations - 15